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#### U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM CB

## TENDER OFFER/RIGHTS OFFERING NOTIFICATION FORM (Amendment No. 8)

Please place an X in the box(es) to designate the appropriate rule provisions(s) relied upon to file this Form:

Securities Act Rule 801 (Rights Offering) [ ]
Securities Act Rule 802 (Exchange Offer) [ X ]
Exchange Act Rule 13e-4(h)(8) (Issuer Tender Offer) [ ]
Exchange Act Rule 14d-1(c) (Third Party Tender Offer) [ ]
ange Act Rule 14e-2(d) (Subject Company Response) [ ]

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- 1. Kyushu Matsushita Denki Kabushiki Kaisha
- 2. Matsushita Seiko Kabushiki Kaisha
- 3. Matsushita Kotobuki Denshi Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha
- Matsushita Denso Shisutemu Kabushiki Kaisha
   Matsushita Tsushin Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha †
- (Names of Subject Companies)
- 1. Kyushu Matsushita Electric Co., Ltd.
- 2. Matsushita Seiko Co., Ltd.
- 3. <u>Matsushita Kotobuki Electronics Industries, Ltd.</u>
- Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc.
   Matsushita Communication Industrial Co., Ltd. †

(Translation of Subject Companies' Names into English (if applicable))

See Note on page 2.

Japan

(Jurisdiction of Subject Companies' Incorporation or Organization)

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (Name of Person(s) Furnishing Form)

Common Stock (Title of Class of Subject Securities)

N/A

(CUSIP Number of Class of Securities (if applicable))

Shigeru Nakatani Panasonic Finance (America), Inc. 1 Rockefeller Plaza, Suite 1001 New York, New York 10020-2002 (212) 698-1365

(Name, Address (including zip code) and Telephone Number (including area code) of Person(s) Authorized to Receive Notices and Communications on Behalf of Subject Companies)

N/A (Date Tender Offer/Rights Offering Commenced)

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Page 1 of 33 pages.

**PROCESSED** 

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#### Note:

On June 6, 2002, Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Company") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") an application to withdraw the Company's Registration Statement on Form F-4 (File No. 333-84588), which was originally filed with the Commission on March 20, 2002 and amended by Amendment No. 1 thereto filed on May 10, 2002. The Registration Statement had not been declared effective prior to the filing of the application. No securities were issued or sold pursuant thereto. The Company requested the withdrawal of the Registration Statement due to the Company's determination that the offering of the securities registered thereby, relating to the share exchange between the Company and Matsushita Communication Industrial Co., Ltd. ("Matsushita Communication"), qualify for the registration exemption provided by Rule 802 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

By Amendment No. 6 to Form CB, which was filed with the Commission on June 6, 2002, (i) Matsushita Communication has been named as an additional subject company, and (ii) the documents previously filed by the Company under Form CB and Amendments No. 1 through No. 5 thereto, which documents are referred to herein, have been deemed to relate to the above-referenced share exchange between the Company and Matsushita Communication.

#### PART I. INFORMATION SENT TO SECURITY HOLDERS

Item 1. Home Jurisdiction Documents

Exhibit number	Description
1	Notice of the 60th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders distributed to the Shareholders of Kyushu Matsushita Electric Co., Ltd. (excerpt)††
2	Notice of the 67th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders distributed to the Shareholders of Matsushita Seiko Co., Ltd. (excerpt)††
3	Notice of the 48th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders distributed to the Shareholders of Matsushita Kotobuki Electronics Industries, Ltd. (excerpt)††
4	Notice of the 53rd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders distributed to the shareholders of Matsushita Communication Industrial Co., Ltd. (excerpt)††
5	Notice of the 70th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders distributed to the shareholders of Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc. (excerpt)

<sup>††</sup> Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No. 7) on June , 2002.

Item 2. Informational Legends

For each of the documents filed as Exhibits 1 though 4, the required legends are included on the page immediately following the cover page of the document.

# PART II. INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED TO BE SENT TO SECURITY HOLDERS

The following documents are attached as exhibits to this Form:

Exhibit number	<u>Description</u>
A	Press release, dated January 10, 2002, concerning the proposed exchanges of shares of common stock of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. for shares of common stock of five of its majority-owned subsidiaries (the five subject companies referred to above)*
В	Press release, dated January 10, 2002, concerning the proposed repurchase by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. of shares of its common stock*
C	Press release, dated January 10, 2002, concerning the business plan of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. for the year ending March 31, 2003*

D	Press release, dated January 29, 2002, concerning the repurchase by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. of shares of its own common stock, in connection with the proposed share exchanges referred to in A above**
Е	Press release, dated February 21, 2002, concerning the repurchase by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. of shares of its own common stock, in connection with the proposed share exchanges referred to in A above***
F	Press release, dated March 20, 2002, concerning the repurchase by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. of shares of its own common stock, in connection with the proposed share exchanges referred to in A above****
G	Press release, dated April 22, 2002, concerning the repurchase by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. of shares of its own common stock, in connection with the proposed share exchanges referred to in A above****
Н	Press release, dated April 26, 2002, concerning the signing of the share exchange agreements for the proposed share exchanges referred to in A above*****
I	Press release, dated April 26, 2002, concerning the groupwide business and organizational restructuring agreed to by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. and the five majority-owned subsidiaries referred to in A above*****

<sup>\*</sup> Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB on January 11, 2002.

\*\* Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No.1) on January 29,

#### PART III. CONSENT TO SERVICE OF PROCESS

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. has previously filed with the Commission a written irrevocable consent and power of attorney on Form F-X on January 11, 2002.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No.2) on February 21, 2002.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No.3) on April 5, 2002. Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No.4) on April 22, 2002.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*\*</sup> Previously furnished to the Commission as part of Form CB (Amendment No.5) on April 26, 2002.

#### PART IV. SIGNATURES

After due inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this statement is true, complete and correct.

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Tetsuya Kawakami

Director and Chief Financial Officer

Date: June 13, 2002

# Exhibit 5

(English Excerpt)

# NOTICE OF THE 70TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

to be held in Tokyo, Japan on June 27, 2002

This is an English translation from Japanese of a notice circulated to shareholders in Japan, extracting the portions concerning the proposal related to the share exchange agreement with Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., to comply with requirements of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933.

Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems Inc.

Tokyo, Japan

The exchange offer or business combination referred to in this Notice is made for the securities of a foreign company. The offer is subject to the disclosure requirements of a foreign country that are different from those of the United States. Financial statements included in the document (other than the consolidated financial statements of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.), if any, have been prepared in accordance with foreign accounting standards that may not be comparable to the financial statements of United States companies.

It may be difficult for you to enforce your rights and any claim you may have arising under the federal securities laws, since the issuer is located in a foreign country, and some or all of its officers and directors may be residents of a foreign country. You may not be able to sue a foreign company or its officers or directors in a foreign court for violations of the U.S. securities laws. It may be difficult to compel a foreign company and its affiliates to subject themselves to a U.S. court's judgment.

#### Editor's notes:

- The financial statements and other information included in this Notice of Shareholders Meeting (excerpt) are
  prepared primarily on a non-consolidated basis in accordance with Japanese regulations. As reference material,
  however, consolidated financial statements are also provided herein. Non-consolidated and consolidated financial
  statements should not be confused with each other.
- In accordance with the Regulations concerning Financial Documents under the Japanese Commercial Code, all amounts less than one million yen have been omitted in the financial statements in this Notice, unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Dear Shareholders:**

#### Notice of the 70th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

This is to inform you that the Company's 70th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held as described below. You are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

If it is inconvenient for you to attend the meeting, you are sincerely requested to examine carefully the referential materials contained herein and to mail, as soon as possible, the power of attorney duly signed by you after marking "for" or "against" each bill.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

- 1. Date: 10:00 a.m., Thursday, June 27, 2002
- 2. Place: Corporate Head Office located at 3-8, Shimo-meguro 2-chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo
- 3. Purposes of the Meeting:
  - Matters to be Reported:

The business report, balance sheet and statement of operations with respect to the 70th fiscal period from April 1, 2001 to March 31, 2002 [Translation omitted]

- Matters to be Acted Upon:
- Bill No. 1: To approve the proposed allocation of profit with respect to the 70th fiscal period [Translation omitted]
- Bill No. 2: To approve the Share Exchange Agreement between the Company and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. [See the follwing pages]
- Bill No. 3: To make partial amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation [Translation omitted]
- Bill No. 4: To elect 10 directors [Translation omitted]
- Bill No. 5: To elect 2 corporate auditors

[Translation omitted]

- Bill No. 6: To grant retirement allowances to retiring directors for their meritorious service [Translation omitted]
- Bill No. 7: To grant retirement allowances to retiring corporate auditors for their meritorious service [Translation omitted]

Sincerely yours,

Nobutane Yamamoto
President and Director
Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc.
3-8, Shimo-meguro 2-chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo

Shareholders attending the meeting are requested to hand in the power of attorney at the reception desk of the meeting venue.

#### [Reference Material for Exercise of Proxy (excerpt)]

# Bill No. 2: To approve the Share Exchange Agreement between the Company and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

#### (1) Reasons for necessitating the share exchange

To achieve new growth in the 21st century, the Company as a member of the Matsushita Group began its mid-term business plan called "Value Creation 21" for the period from April 2001 to March 2004. Under the "Deconstruct and Create" theme, a series of restructuring initiatives have been implemented.

In a further effort to secure continued growth and strengthen earnings capability for maximization of corporate value, the Matsushita Group is seeking to achieve optimum allocation of Groupwide management resources, including those of the Company, and enhance management speed. In line with this initiative, the Company has decided to become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., who currently holds a majority of the Company's outstanding shares, by way of a share exchange, with the effective date set for October 1, 2002. Hereafter, the Company will proceed with sharing comprehensive Groupwide business and organizational restructuring, clarifying the business areas of responsibility and thereby re-establishing an autonomous management structure, in accordance with the following basic policies:

- ① Eliminate duplication of business lines and counterproductive competition within the Matsushita Group.
- @ Unify and concentrate R&D resources into strategic areas to achieve optimum results from a Groupwide perspective.
- ③ Establish a totally integrated operational structure, with full responsibility to customers for development, manufacturing and sales. Management would appreciate shareholders' approval of the share exchange agreement (the Share Exchange Agreement) upon understanding of the intent of this share exchange, and your continued support of our endeavors.

#### (2) The Share Exchange Agreement

The following sets out the terms of the Share Exchange Agreement entered into by the Company and Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc. on April 26, 2002.

#### SHARE EXCHANGE AGREEMENT

(copy)

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "MEI") and Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "MGCS") hereby execute this share exchange agreement (hereinafter referred to as "this Agreement") as set forth herein.

#### (Share Exchange)

Article 1 MEI and MGCS shall implement the share exchange in accordance with the manner set forth in Articles 352 through 363 of the Commercial Code of Japan, whereby MEI shall be the 100% parent company of MGCS and MGCS shall become the wholly-owned subsidiary of MEI.

#### (Shares to be Allotted upon Share Exchange)

Article 2 Upon the share exchange, MEI shall issue 5,188,446 shares of common stock and allot them to those shareholders (including the beneficial shareholders; hereinafter the same shall apply) whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders of MGCS (including the register of beneficial shareholders; hereinafter the same shall apply) as of the close of the day immediately preceding the date of the share exchange, at the ratio of 0.538 shares of common stock of MEI per each common stock of MGCS held by such shareholders; provided, however, that no shares of MEI shall be allotted to 20,356,050 shares of MGCS held by MEI.

(Date of Commencement for Calculating Dividends)

Article 3 The dividends on the 5,188,446 shares of common stock of MEI to be allotted in accordance with the provisions of Article 2 shall be calculated, commencing on October 1, 2002.

(Amounts of Capital Stock and Capital Surplus to be Increased)

Article 4 The amounts of capital stock and capital surplus to be increased due to the share exchange shall be as follows:

(1) Capital Stock to be increased:

¥Ο

(2) Capital Surplus to be increased:

The amount calculated by the following formula;

Net assets of MGCS existing as of the date of the share exchange

Number of shares of MGCS to be transferred to MEI upon the share exchange

Total number of outstanding shares of MGCS

#### (Date of Share Exchange)

Article 5 The date on which the share exchange shall become effective shall be October 1, 2002; provided, however, that the parties hereto may agree to change such date upon consulting each other, if necessary.

#### (Management of Property, etc.)

Article 6 Upon execution of this Agreement until the date of the share exchange, each of the parties hereto shall carry out its business and manage all of its properties with the due care of a good manager (zenryo-naru-kanrishano-chui), and shall, only after negotiation and agreement between them, engage in any activity that may materially affect its properties, rights and obligations.

#### (Dividends)

- Article 7 Each of MEI and MGCS may pay dividends to those shareholders or the registered pledgees whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders as of the close of March 31, 2002 up to the following amount.
  - (1) ¥3.75 per share, ¥7,814,000,000 in the aggregate for MEI
  - (2) ¥5 per share, ¥150,000,000 in the aggregate for MGCS

#### (Interim Dividends)

- Article 8 Each of MEI and MGCS may pay interim dividends (cash distributions pursuant to Article 293-5 of the Commercial Code of Japan) to those shareholders or the registered pledgees whose names appear as such on the register of shareholders as of the close of September 30, 2002 up to the following amount.
  - (1) ¥6.25 per share, ¥14,973,000,000 in the aggregate for MEI
  - (2) ¥2.50 per share, ¥90,000,000 in the aggregate for MGCS

(Term of Office of Directors and Corporate Auditors Assuming Office before the Date of Share Exchange)

**Article 9** The term of office of the Directors and Corporate Auditors of MEI who assumed such office before the date of the share exchange shall be until the end of their respective terms, as they would be in such office had the share exchange not been made.

#### (Shareholders' Meetings to Approve this Agreement)

Article 10 Each of MEI and MGCS shall convene its shareholders' meeting (hereinafter referred to as the "Shareholders' Meetings") to be held on June 27, 2002 and seek an approval by its shareholders for this Agreement and other matters necessary for the share exchange; provided, however, that MEI and MGCS may agree to change the date on which the Shareholders' Meetings are to be held, if necessary, upon consulting each other.

(Change of Terms of Share Exchange and Termination of this Agreement)

Article 11 In the event of any material changes in the conditions of assets or business operations of MEI or MGCS during the period between the date of execution hereof and the date of the share exchange, MEI and MGCS may agree to change the terms and conditions of the share exchange and other contents of this Agreement or terminate this Agreement upon consulting each other.

(Validity of this Agreement)

Article 12 This Agreement shall cease to have any effect if the share exchange is not approved at either of the Shareholders' Meetings of MEI or MGCS set forth in Article 10.

(Matters for Negotiation)

**Article 13** In addition to the matters set forth in this Agreement, any matters necessary with respect to the share exchange shall be determined upon negotiation with each other in accordance with the purpose of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement in duplicate and, upon signing and sealing hereof, and each of MEI and MGCS retains one (1) copy hereof.

April 26, 2002

MEI: MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka

President: Kunio Nakamura

MGCS: MATSUSHITA GRAPHIC COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, INC. 3-8, Shimo-meguro 2-chome, Meguro-ku, Tokyo President: Nobutane Yamamoto

(3) Explanation concerning the share exchange ratio pursuant to Pragraph 1. Item 2 of Article 354 of the Commercial Code of Japan

#### **Explanation Concerning Share Exchange Ratio**

With respect to the share exchange scheduled for October 1, 2002, between Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc. (the Company) and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (MEI), the share exchange ratio (the Share Exchange Ratio) was determined as follows:

- ① The Company requested Akihiko Watanabe, Certified Public Accountant (currently, Managing Director of Global Corporate Advisory K.K.; hereinafter, "Mr. Watanabe and Global Corporate Advisory K.K. are collectively called "GCA") for calculation of the Share Exchange Ratio to be used as a reference for the Company in commencing negotiations with MEI concerning the Share Exchange Ratio. GCA used such methods as adjusted net asset value method, market multiple method and discounted cash flow method for analysis of the Company, and break-up value method, average market share price method and discounted cash flow method for analysis of MEI. Thereafter, upon comprehensive consideration of the results of all these analyses, GCA prepared a draft report on the proposed Share Exchange Ratio to the Company.
- ② Using GCA's proposal and advice as a reference, the Company held a number of negotiation sessions with MEI. As a result, the proposal to implement a Share Exchange Ratio of 0.538 for one (0.538 shares of MEI to be issued in exchange for one share of the Company) was submitted to each company's Board of Directors' meeting on January 10, 2002. The Board of

Directors of the Company approved the Share Exchange Ratio and concluded a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with MEI, setting forth the Share Exchange Ratio, on the same day. The MOU provides, among other things, that this share exchange is independent and separate from, and shall not be affected in any way by, other share exchanges that may be implemented between MEI and companies other than the Company, and that, in the event any material changes arise in the conditions of assets or business operations of MEI or the Company, the parties may terminate the MOU upon mutual consultation.

- ③ On the same day, the Company made a public announcement (the Press Release) reporting the fact that it entered into the MOU and the contents thereof, along with other material facts related to this share exchange. The Press Release states, among other things, that MEI would implement repurchase of its own shares from the market, pursuant to Paragraph 4 of Article 3 of supplementary rules to the Commercial Code, as amended in 2001, with the intent of possibly using the shares so repurchased to substitute a part of the new shares of MEI to be delivered at the time of the share exchange, and that MEI would issue unsecured bonds in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding 300 billion yen for the purpose of raising funds for future business development.
- ① Subsequent to the Press Release, the Company confirmed with GCA that there was no inconsistency between the assumption on which GCA's calculation of the Share Exchange Ratio is based and the contents of the Press Release, and that the Share Exchange Ratio of 0.538 MEI shares for each share of the Company fell within the range that GCA analyzed as reasonable from the Company's shareholders' financial point of view.
- (§) In April 2002, the Company, preceding the signing of the Share Exchange Agreement with MEI, requested GCA to reassess the reasonableness of the Share Exchange Ratio determined on January 10, 2002. At this request, GCA updated its analysis on the equity value of both the Company and MEI based on the information additionally obtained, and thereupon reported to the Board of Directors of the Company that, as of April 26, 2002, the Share Exchange Ratio of 0.538 MEI shares for each share of the Company fell within the range that GCA analyzed as reasonable from the Company's shareholders' financial point of view.
- (8) Upon receipt of this report, the Company subsequently obtained approval at the meeting of its Board of Directors held on the same day, and entered into the Share Exchange Agreement, setting forth the Share Exchange Ratio therein.
- The Company has also confirmed that MEI obtained a report from its financial advisor to the effect that the Share Exchange Ratio provided in the Share Exchange Agreement is fair and reasonable.

(Translation - Japanese original version shall prevail)

April 26, 2002

To: The Board of Directors

Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc.

#### Analysis of the Share Exchange Ratio

Matsushita Graphic Communication Systems, Inc. ("MGCS") requested Akihiro Watanabe, C.P.A. (presently Managing Director of Global Corporate Advisory K.K.; together with Akihiro Watanabe, C.P.A., and Global Corporate Advisory K.K. referred to as "GCA") to analyze, as a financial advisor, the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio stated in the memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") dated January 10, 2002 and executed with Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (the "Parent Company" or "MEI"), from MGCS shareholders' financial point of view, prior to the execution of share exchange agreement (the "Agreement"). The MOU states, among other things, that MGCS and the Parent Company agree to consummate a share exchange (the "Share Exchange") in which MEI shall become the 100% parent company of MGCS, and that each share of common stock of MGCS shall be exchanged for 0.538 shares of MEI common stock (the "Share Exchange Ratio").

Prior to the execution of the MOU, GCA analyzed on the share exchange ratio which GCA considered reasonable from MGCS shareholders' financial point of view, and reported the result of the analyses to the Board of Directors of MGCS on December 25, 2001. In making the report, GCA analyzed the enterprise values as going concern basis and the fair market values of the equity value per share, utilizing Adjusted Net Asset Value Method, Market Multiple Method, and Discounted Cash Flow Method for the valuation of MGCS, and Break-up Value Method, Average Market Share Price Method, and Discounted Cash Flow Method for MEI. Thereafter, upon comprehensive consideration of the results of all these analyses, GCA reported the range of the share exchange ratio to MGCS.

In preparation of the report, GCA performed the following procedures and analyses on both MGCS and the Parent Company:

- (1) Analysis of the annual securities reports for the last three financial years, the last semi-annual securities reports, and other information concerning business and financial conditions of both MGCS and the Parent Company up to mid-December 2001;
- (2) Analysis of the financial statements, business plans, and other information on business and financial conditions of both MGCS and the Parent Company;
- (3) Review of projected financial information, including profit and loss for both MGCS and the Parent Company;
- (4) Interviews with the management of both MGCS and the Parent Company concerning their business operations, assets, financial conditions and outlook therefor;
- (5) Analysis of publicly available information on market and economic conditions in which both MGCS and the Parent Company are operating;
- (6) Analysis of the market share prices and trading volumes of the shares of the Parent Company and companies comparable with MGCS; and
- (7) Other investigations, inquiries, and analyses that GCA deemed necessary and appropriate.

After the execution by MGCS of the MOU, GCA performed the following procedures and analyses regarding both MGCS and the Parent Company:

(1) Review of the MOU executed on January 10, 2002;

- (2) Review of the press release dated January 10, 2002 (the "Press Release");
- (3) Review of the business forecasts announced since January 11, 2002 up to the date hereof;
- (4) Interviews with the management of both MGCS and MEI concerning business operations, assets and financial conditions, outlook therefor and the likely effect of the revision of their business forecast; and
- (5) Other investigations, inquiries, and analyses that GCA deemed necessary and appropriate.

Furthermore, GCA conducted the following in preparation of this letter:

- (1) Review of press releases made by MGCS or the Parent Company since January 11, 2002;
- (2) Review of copies of the letters dated April 26, 2002 issued by MGCS and the Parent Company to GCA or the financial advisor of the Parent Company, as appropriate, concerning any anticipated events up to the date of the Share Exchange (October 1, 2002); and
- (3) Other investigations, inquiries, and analyses that GCA deemed necessary and appropriate.

Within the scope of these processes and analyses and under the assumptions and the restrictions expressed herein, GCA has confirmed that, as of the date hereof, the share exchange ratio of 0.538 MEI shares for each MGCS share stated in the draft of the Agreement, fell within the range that GCA analyzed as reasonable from MGCS shareholders' financial point of view.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

This letter was prepared by GCA, based on financial information provided to it or that was publicly available under the assumption that the information is accurate and, moreover, complete. GCA has not verified any of the information independently. Accordingly, GCA accepts no responsibility for the accuracy nor completeness of the information used. Additionally, GCA has prepared this letter on the assumption that the financial forecasts and business plans provided by MGCS and the Parent Company have been confirmed accurate by MGCS and the Parent Company and are on the best judgment and expressed expectations of the executive management of MGCS and the Parent Company. GCA has not performed a physical investigation of the property, equipment, etc. of MGCS or the Parent Company, and GCA has not prepared an independent appraisal of individual assets or debt of MGCS or the Parent Company, nor has GCA received any such appraisal report from MGCS or the Parent Company. In addition, GCA has prepared this letter under the assumption of the legal and valid execution of the Share Exchange as described in the MOU or the Press Release, and the tax implications of the Share Exchange to be materialized as planned. Since conditions may change subsequent to the date of this letter, the conclusions of this letter may accordingly change, and this letter is current as of the date of this letter and GCA does not intend to make, assert, nor accept any responsibility for corrections, changes, or supplements.

This letter was prepared for the sole purpose of serving as a reference for MGCS's Board of Directors in assessing the reasonableness of the Share Exchange Ratio in connection with the execution of the Agreement with the Parent Company. However, GCA recognizes that this letter may be disclosed to MGCS's shareholders as a reference considered by MGCS's Board of Directors in assessing the reasonableness of the Share Exchange Ratio. This letter is not an opinion as to the managerial judgment made by MGCS's Board of Directors. This letter is not a solicitation or recommendation to MGCS's shareholders to exercise votes in any particular manner regarding the Share Exchange. Concurrently, this letter is not a forecast of future share prices or enterprise values of MGCS nor the Parent Company.

Global Corporate Advisory K.K. Akihiro Watanabe, Managing Director

- (4) The balance sheets and statements of operations of the companies conducting the share exchange, pursuant to Paragraph 1, ltems 3 and 5 of Article 354 of the Commercial Code of Japan
  - 1. The balance sheet and statement of operations of the Company are as follows:

## **Balance Sheet**

posits       3,697         s       11,700         ceivable       9,355         s and merchandise       1,790         s       699         les       3,072         ssets       4,650         ssets       345         toubtful receivables       (68)         lets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         ther assets       7,755         urities       393         orities       393	Ma	rch 31, 2002
posits       3,697         s       11,700         ceivable       9,355         s and merchandise       1,790         s s       699         les       3,072         ssets       4,650         ssets       345         toubtful receivables       (68)         lets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         ther assets       7,755         urities       393         urities       393	Assets (in m	illions of yen)
S       11,700         ceivable       11         s receivable       9,355         s and merchandise       1,790         s       699         les       3,072         sets       4,650         ssets       345         foubtful receivables       68)         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         sterm       917         es       293         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Current assets	- 36,599
ceivable       11         s receivable       9,355         s and merchandise       1,790         1,346       699         les       3,072         ssets       4,650         ssets       345         loubtful receivables       (68)         eets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       69         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Cash and deposits	3,697
s receivable       9,355         s and merchandise       1,790         s       699         sles       3,072         ssets       4,650         ssets       345         ioubtful receivables       (68)         eets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         1,338       917         es       293         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Group deposits	11,700
s and merchandise       1,790         1,346       699         sets       3,072         sets       4,650         sets       345         doubtful receivables       (68)         18,512       9,546         9,546       3,857         105       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       69         1,210       917         98       293         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Trade notes receivable	
1,346         8       699         les       3,072         isets       4,650         ssets       345         doubtful receivables       (68)         18,512         sets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       8         2,145       1,338         progress       69         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Trade accounts receivable	9,355
s       699         des       3,072         desets       4,650         ssets       345         doubtful receivables       (68)         18,512         gets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         8       8         and fixtures       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       69         ther assets       7,755         urities       393	Finished goods and merchandise	- 1,790
des       3,072         ssets       4,650         ssets       (68)         doubtful receivables       9,546         sets       9,546         sequipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         sequipment       1,210         sequipment       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       7,755         sex       293         writies       393	Raw materials	- 1,346
ssets       4,650         ssets       345         foubtful receivables       (68)         sets       9,546         sequipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         sprogress       69         sequipment       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       69         septiment       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       7,755         septiment       7,755         septiment       393	Work in process	. 699
ssets       345         foubtful receivables       (68)         18,512         sets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         8       8         and fixtures       2,145         1,338       1,338         progress       69         sether assets       7,755         urities       393	Other receivables	- 3.072
ssets     345       foubtful receivables     [68]       lets     9,546       9,954     3,857       equipment     2,021       8     2,145       1,338     1338       progress     69       1,210     917       es     293       2ther assets     7,755       urities     393	Deferred tax assets	. 4.650
18,512   18,512   19,546   3,857   105	Other current assets	•
9,546 9,546 3,857 equipment 2,021 and fixtures 2,145 1,338 progress 69 1,210 917 es 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Allowance for doubtful receivables	
sets       9,546         3,857       105         equipment       2,021         and fixtures       2,145         progress       69         1,210       917         es       293         2,7755       293         urities       393	Fixed assets	·· 18.512
3,857 105 equipment 2,021 and fixtures 2,145 progress 69 1,210 917 98 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Tangible fixed assets	
105 equipment 2,021 8 and fixtures 2,145 1,338 progress 69 1,210 917 98 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Buildings	
equipment 2,021 8 and fixtures 2,145 1,338 progress 69 1,210 917 95 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Structures	-,
8 and fixtures 2,145 2,145 1,338 progress 69  1,210 917 9s 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Machinery and equipment	
and fixtures 2,145 1,338 progress 69 1,210 917 9s 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Vehicles	•
1,338 progress 69  1,210 917 9s 293  ther assets 7,755 urities 393		
progress 69  1,210 917 9s 293  ther assets 7,755 urities 393		-,
917 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Construction in progress	- 69
917 293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393	Intangibles	- 1,210
293 ther assets 7,755 urities 393		,
urities 393	Other intangibles	
urities 393	Investments and other assets	- <b>7,75</b> 5
usholdiorion .	Investment securities	•
3UBSICIALIES	Investments in subsidiaries	1,831
osits paid 582	Long-term deposits paid	- 582
aid expenses 1,504	Long-term prepaid expenses	1,504
	Deferred tax assets	
	Allowance for doubtful receivables	
	Total assets	55,111
osits paid	Intangibles Patent rights Other intangibles  Investments and other assets Investment securities Investments in subsidiaries Long-term deposits paid Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets Allowance for doubtful receivables	- 1,2 - 7,7 - 3,4 - 1,5 - 3,4
	Pedal secods	
	Total assets	55,111
	(Notes) 1. In accordance with Japanese Commercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. "Group deposits" are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial the purpose of centralization and effective use of funds of Matsushita Group companies.  3. Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets	40 892 million
the with Japanese Commercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  Its are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., for of centralization and effective use of funds of Matsushita Group companies.  Idepreciation of tangible fixed assets	4. Short-term receivables from the controlling shareholder	8,228 million
te with Japanese Commercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  its" are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., for of centralization and effective use of funds of Matsushita Group companies.  depreciation of tangible fixed assets	Short-term receivables from subsidiaries	1,871 million
te with Japanese Commercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  its" are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., for of centralization and effective use of funds of Matsushita Group companies.  depreclation of tangible fixed assets	Short-term payables to subsidiaries	949 million
te with Japanese Commercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  its" are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., for of centralization and effective use of funds of Matsushita Group companies.  I depreciation of tangible fixed assets	<ol><li>Leased assets, including computers, their peripheral equipment and certain other business equipment, are not included in the above Fixed assets.</li></ol>	5.75 (1880)

	<u>ch 31, 2002</u>
<b>Liabilities</b> (in mi	llions of yen
Current liabilities	28,169
Trade notes payable	1,577
Trade accounts payable	- 4,849
Other payables	
Accrued expenses	- 16,788
Accrued income taxes	-
Advance receipts	1,671
Reserve for warranty costs	
Reserve for sales promotion	
Other current liabilities	
Long-term liabilities	6,438
Employee retirement and severance benefits	
Reserve for Directors' and Corporate Auditors' retirement allowances	
Other payables	
	- <del></del>
Total liabilities	34,607
Shareholders' Equity Capital stock Statutory reserves Capital reserve Legal reserve Retained earnings Discretionary reserves Reserve for special depreciation Reserve for dividends Contingency reserve	3,357 2,982 375 15,585 17,054 54 1,925 15,075
Unappropriated deficit at end of period	(1,468)
[Net income (loss) for period	
Total shareholders' equity	
oral shareholders equity	20,503
otal liabilities and shareholders' equity	55,111
6. Major foreign currency assets and liabilities:  Trade accounts receivable	
Accrued expenses 4229 million (US\$ 1,630 thousand)	
Other payables (long-term) 4199 million (US\$ 1,500 thousand) 7. Guarantees	44 052 million
8. Amount of net assets increased due to valuation at market value of net assets restricted from appropriation to dividends as set forth in Article 290, Paragraph 1, Item 6 of the Japanese Commercial Code	60 million

## **Statement of Operations**

Recurring Profit & Loss from	om April 1, 2001 to Mare	
Operating income and expenses	· ·	lions of y
Net sales		84,4
Cost of sales	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(45,9
Selling, general and administrative expenses		(41,5
Operating profit (loss)		(3,0
Non-operating income and expenses		
Non-operating income		
Interest and dividend income	*******************************	3
Technical licencing fee		50
Foreign currency translation gain		
Other		5
		20
Non-operating expenses		
Commissions		(10
Other		
Recurring profit (loss)	*******************************	(2,3
on-recurring Profit & Loss		
Non-recurring profit		
Profit on sale of fixed assets	***************************************	
Profit on sale of investment securities	***************************************	52
Non-recurring loss		
Loss on retirement of fixed assets		(11
2005 OTT GROWN OF TIXES ACCORD		
Income (loss) before income taxes	**********************************	(1,95
The track point mouths taxes		( ,,,,,
Provision for income taxes		
Current	****************************	(8
Refund		
the state of the s	******************************	41
Deferred		41 (3.64
Deferred		(3,64 <b>(5,26</b>
Deferred		(3,64
Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period		(3,64 ( <b>5,26</b> 3,79
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Detection 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder	¥ 6	(3,64 (5,26 3,79 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Dies)  1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder	¥6	(3,64 (5,26 3,79 (1,46 64,020 mill 2,018 mill
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Detection of the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases	¥ ¥	(3,64 (5,26 3,79 (1,46 64,020 mill 2,018 mill 119 mill
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Description 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries	¥ ¥	(3,64 (5,26 3,79 (1,46 64,020 mil 2,018 mil 119 mil 3,343 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Detes)  1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases	——————————————————————————————————————	(3,64 (5,26 3,79 (1,46 64,020 mil 2,018 mil 119 mil 3,343 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Detes)  1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)	——————————————————————————————————————	(3,64 (5,26 3,75 (1,46 64,020 mil 2,018 mil 119 mil 3,343 mil 5,430 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Dess)  1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and flabilities:	——————————————————————————————————————	(3,64 (5,26 3,75 (1,46 64,020 mil 2,018 mil 119 mil 3,343 mil 5,430 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Detes)  1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)	——————————————————————————————————————	(3,64 (5,26 3,75 (1,46 64,020 mil 119 mil 119 mil 5,430 mil 62 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses	¥	(3,64 (5,26 3,75 (1,46 64,020 mil 2,018 mil 119 mil 3,343 mill 5,430 mill
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Description of the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and flabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of depreciation	A A A A A A A A A	(3,64 (5,26 (5,26 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4 (1)4
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Stes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of deprectation  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits	**************************************	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Description  1. All amounts less than Y1 million have been omitted. 2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting) 1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and flabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits Tax loss carryforwards Other	A A A A A A A A A A	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Stes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and flabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards  Other  Sub-total	A A A A A A A A A A	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major (actors determining deterred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total Less valuation allowance	¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥	(3,644 mill 1,008 mill 1,008 mill 1,008 mill 1,009 mill
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories Disalfowed accrued expenses Arnounts in excess of depreciation Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total  Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets	¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥	(3,644 mill 1,008 mill 1,008 mill 1,008 mill 1,009 mill
Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ₹1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  4 effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and fiabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of depreciation Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total  Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥	(3,6-(5,24-(1,44-(
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories Disalfowed accrued expenses Arnounts in excess of depreciation Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total  Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets	¥ ¥ ¥ ¥ ¥	(3,64 (5,26 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disalfowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total  Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities Reserve for special depreciation Prepald pension costs Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,46 (1,40
Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Ess 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases.  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  At effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deterred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of depreciation  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards  Other  Sub-total  Less valuation allowance  Total deferred tax liabilities  Reserve for special depreciation  Prepaid pension costs  Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities  Total deferred tax liabilities	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	(3,6-(5,24) 3,73 (1,44) 64,020 mi 64,020 mi 119 mi 3,343 mil 5,430 mil 62 mil 5,054 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,314 mil 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder  Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  4 effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of depreciation  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards  Other  Sub-total  Less valuation allowance  Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities  Reserve for special depreciation  Prepaid pension costs  Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities  Total deferred tax liabilities  Net deferred tax assets	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	(3,6-(5,24) 3,73 (1,44) 64,020 mi 64,020 mi 119 mi 3,343 mil 5,430 mil 62 mil 5,054 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,314 mil 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil 1,976 mi 3,313 mi 1,008 mil
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  tes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deterred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Arrounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards Other  Sub-total  Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities Reserve for special depreciation Prepaid pension costs Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities Total deferred tax liabilities Net deferred tax assets  2. Major factors for the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of	Y tax effect accounting:	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Seles 1. All amounts less than Y1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deterred tax assets and fiabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of depreciation Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits Tax loss carryforwards Other Sub-total Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities Reserve for special depreciation Prepaid pension costs Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities Total deferred tax assets  2. Major factors for the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate.  (Adjustment)	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Despite the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  X effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards  Other  Sub-total  Less valuation allowance  Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities  Reserve for special depreciation  Prepaid pension costs  Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities  Not deferred tax aliabilities  Net deferred tax assets  2. Major factors for the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate  (Adjustment)  Per-capita resident tax	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	(3,64 (5,26 (1,46
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Despite the controlling shareholder Purchases from the controlling shareholder Transactions with the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  3. Sales to subsidiaries Purchases from subsidiaries Transactions with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  x effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and fliabilities:  Deferred tax assets Loss on valuation of inventories Disallowed accrued expenses Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards Other  Sub-total Less valuation allowance Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities Reserve for special depreciation Prepaid pension costs Unrealized gain on evailable-for-sale securities Total deferred tax assets  2. Major factors for the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax afte	Y Example of tax effect accounting:	(3,64 (5,26)))))))))))))))))))
Deferred  Net income (loss)  Unappropriated retained earnings brought forward from the previous period  Unappropriated deficit at end of period  Despite the controlling shareholder  Purchases from the controlling shareholder other than sales and purchases  Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries other than sales and purchases  X effect accounting)  1. Major factors determining deferred tax assets and liabilities:  Deferred tax assets  Loss on valuation of inventories  Disallowed accrued expenses  Amounts in excess of tax limit of reserve for employee retirement and severance benefits  Tax loss carryforwards  Other  Sub-total  Less valuation allowance  Total deferred tax assets  Deferred tax liabilities  Reserve for special depreciation  Prepaid pension costs  Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities  Not deferred tax aliabilities  Net deferred tax assets  2. Major factors for the difference between the statutory effective tax rate and corporate tax after application of Statutory effective tax rate  (Adjustment)  Per-capita resident tax	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	(3,64 (5,26 (5,26 (1,46

#### (Retirement and severance benefit plans)

1. Outline of benefit plans:

The Company has contributory, funded retirement benefit and pension plans to cover employees who meet eligibility requirements.

2. Items related to retirement and severance benefit obligations: a. Benefit obligations ¥(15,058) million b. Fair value of plan assets ¥ 6,763 million c. Funded status of the plan (a+b) d. Unrecognized actuarial gain Y 3,583 million e. Net amount recognized in the balance sheets (c+d) f. Prepaid pension costs Y (1,504) million g. Reserve for retirement and severance benefits (e+f) 3. Items related to net periodic benefit costs: 781 million a. Service cost b. Interest cost 582 million (262) million c. Expected return on plan assets d. Amortization of net actuarial gain (loss) 71 million 1,172 million e. Sub-total (a+b+c+d) f. Amount paid as retirement and severance benefits for dispatched employees 216 million

h. Net periodic benefit costs (e+f+g) 4. Actuarial assumptions used to determine costs and obligations for retirement:

g. Amount received as retirement and severance benefits for dispatched employees

a. Allocation method for the projected benefit obligation

Straight-line method 3.0%

b. Discount rate

4.0%

c. Expected rate of return on plan assets

d. Recognition period of actuarial gain (loss)

18 years (Actuarial gains and losses are amortized, as they arise, from the immediately following year on a straight-line basis over a term that does not exceed the average remaining service period of employees)

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 1. Valuation method of securities Other securities Items with a market value: market valuation based on year-end closing market price, etc. (The difference, net of tax, between acquisition cost and carrying market value of other securities is reported as a separate component of shareholders' equity. The cost of other securities sold is computed based on the moving average method.) Items with no market value: valuation at cost, with cost determined by the moving average method 2. Valuation method of inventories: Finished goods, work in process Lower of cost (average) or market Merchandise, supplies Lower of cost, with cost determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market Method of depreciation of fixed assets: Tangible fixed assets Declining-balance method However, for buildings acquired on or after April 1, 1998 (excluding facilities attached to buildings), depreciation is computed on the straight-line method. The principle estimated useful lives range as follows: 13 to 50 years Machinery and equipment ----- 7 years Patent rights 8 years Software (Company's own use) 3 years 4. Method of providing significant allowances and reserves:

- - (a) Allowance for doubtful receivables is provided based primarily on past delinquency occurrance rates for general receivables, and on an individual examination basis for specific doubtful accounts.
  - (b) Reserve for warranty costs is provided based on past after-sales-service occurrance rates, applying against the sales amount that corresponds to the warranty period.
  - (c) Reserve for sales promotion is stated based on projected sales commissions and sales costs necessary for the sale of products in the distribution process as part of sales strategy. These projections are based on the Company's prescribed standards.

  - (d) Employee retirement and severance benefits:

    Liabilities incurred from the provision of employee retirement and severance benefits are stated based on the projected benefit obligation and pension fund assets at year-end.
  - (e) Reserve for Directors' and Corporate Auditors' retirement allowances is provided to cover full amount necessary if due at the year-end based on the Company's standards for payment of such allowances. (The reserve conforms to Article 287-2 of the Japanese Commercial Code.)
- - Financial leases other than those in which it can be recognized that ownership rights are transferred to the lessee are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes.
- 6. Consumption tax, etc. are excluded from all items in the statement of operations.

Changes in accounting policy:
Sales commissions received from communications companies for sales promotions, which were previously accounted for as commissions received in non-operating income, are now deducted from selling, general and administrative expenses, from this fiscal period.

As a result, selling, general and administrative expenses and operating loss each decreased by 1,187 million yen. Recurring loss and loss before income taxes were not affected by this change.

(71) million

1,318 million

## **Balance Sheet**

	<del></del>	ch 31, 200
Assets		lions of ye
Trade notes receivable		24,51
Allowance for doubtful receivab	les	(4,43
Finished goods, merchandise a	nd semi-finished goods	111,65
Raw materials, supplies and wo	rk in process	88,75
Other current assets		4,57
Tangible fixed assets	***************************************	465,20
Buildings		
Structures		8,06
Machinery and equipment		
Intannibles		30,46
Software		17.55
· · ·		, ,
Investments and other assets		2,311,09
		595,88
Investments in subsidiaries		1,361,91
Investments in equity, other than	capital stock	29,18
	aries, other than capital stock	91,55
		(82,77
Long-term deposits paid		18,62
Long-term loans		
Deferred tax assets		286,27
otal assets		4,565,97
	mmercial Code regulations, all amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.	
<ol><li>Short-term receivables from subs</li></ol>	idlaries ————————————————————————————————————	
Short-term navables to subsidiarie	diaries	0,442 millio 15.747 millio
Long-term payables to subsidiarie	es¥	1,082 millio
<ol><li>Accumulated depreciation of tang</li></ol>	gible fixed assets **********************************	7,616 millio
<ol><li>Leased assets (computers, etc.)</li></ol>	are not included in the above "Fixed assets."	
<ol> <li>Major foreign currency assets and Investments in subsidiaries</li> </ol>		
mvesments in subsidishes	US\$6,210,887 thousand (¥832,452 million) RM 1,384,034 thousand (¥ 62,709 million)	
•	Stg£ 205,174 thousand (¥ 47,062 million)	
•	S\$ 210,941 thousand (¥ 16,661 million)	
investments in active at a decident	NT\$5,045,691 thousand (¥ 22,084 million)	
Investments in equity of subsidiarie other than capital stock	s, Euro 155,093 thousand (¥ 21,115 million)	
Bonds	US\$1,000,000 thousand (¥125,267 million)	
	12	

## **Statement of Operations**

Recurring Profit & Loss  Operating income and expenses	from April 1, 2001 to Mar	ch 31, 200 lions of ve
Net sales		•
Cost of sales		
Selling, general and administrative expenses		
Operating profit (loss)		
Non-operating income and expenses		( -, -, -
Non-operating income		٠
Interest and dividend income		79,522
Other		30,870
Non-operating expenses		•
Interest expense		(24,267
Other		(35,652
Recurring profit (loss)		(42,480
on-recurring Profit & Loss		
Non-recurring profit		
Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	**************************************	3,38
Non-recurring loss		0,00
Loss on business restructuring	**************************************	(130.572
Loss on valuation of investment securities		
Loss on sale of investment securities		
Income (loss) before income taxes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(254,197
Provision for income taxes		
Current		(240
Deferred	***************************************	122,026
Net income (loss)		(132,410
		42,891
Interim dividend		•
Unappropriated deficit at end of period		
lotes) 1. Amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.  2. Sales to subsidiaries	un n	00.4051"
2. Sales to subsidiaries  Purchases from subsidiaries		
Turnover with subsidiaries other than sales and purchases		46,694 millio

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1. Valuation method of inventories:

2. Valuation method of securities:

items with a market value: market valuation method based on year-end closing market price, etc. (The difference, net of tax, between acquisition cost and carrying market value of other securities is reported as a separate component of shareholders' equity. The cost of other securities sold is computed based on the moving average method.)

Items with no market value: valuation at cost, with cost determined by the moving average method

Derivatives ------ Market valuation metho

3. Method of depreciation of tangible fixed assets:

A reasonable number of years of useful life is determined for different classes of fixed assets to reflect the effects of technical innovation on equipment obsolescence (typically reducing the legally stipulated figure for years of useful life by around 20-30%). Depreciation is calculated using the declining balance method.

4. Method of amortization of intangible assets:

With regard to the software used in the Company, amortization is computed on the straight-line method based on the logical, useful period of time. Other intangible assets are computed on the straight-line method based on standards identical to the method prescribed by corporate tax law.

5. Accrual for reserve for loss on investments:

Loss on investments of affiliated companies in Japan and overseas is estimated according to Company regulations and taking into consideration the financial condition of the companies.

6. Accrual for employee retirement and severance benefits:

Liabilities incurred for the provision of employee retirement and severance benefits are stated based on the projected benefit obligation and pension fund assets at the year-end. The transition obligation amounting to ¥42,077 million recognized at the adoption of new accounting standards is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years.

The actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis starting from the subsequent fiscal period, based on the average years of remaining service of employees at the time such acturial gains and losses arose.

7. Leases:

Financial leases other than those in which it can be recognized that ownership rights are transferred to the lessee are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes.

8. Basis of hedge accounting:

The Company applies deferral hedge accounting as defined in the accounting standards for linancial instruments to its foreign exchange contracts, currency options and commodity futures trading. Foreign exchange forward contracts are accounted for using the allocation method.

9. Consumption tax, etc. are excluded from all items in the statement of operations.

#### Additional information

Change in transaction price:

With respect to sales transactions in the consumer products area in Japan, the Company changed the transaction price to more accurately reflect the actual condition of the market, with the objective of realizing management that can respond quickly and properly to changes in the market to attain customer satisfaction. The new price is lower than the previous one by an amount that is deemed comparable to sales promotion expenses. This change resulted in a decrease in net sales and sales promotion expenses, each by approximately ¥62.5 billion, in this past fiscal year, compared to the case calculated using the previous transaction price. Operating profit is not affected by this change.

#### (Reference Material)

The consolidated balance sheets and statements of operations of the Company and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

1. The consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations of Matsushita Graphic Communications Systems, Inc. are as follows:

#### **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

March	31, 2002
Assets (in million	ons of yen)
Current assets	42,662
Cash and deposits	6,223
Group deposits	13,598
Trade notes and accounts receivable	10,889
Inventories	4,913
Deferred tax assets	4,822
Other current assets	2,289
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(74)
Fixed assets	17,452
Property, plant and equipment	10,145
Buildings and structures	4,287
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	2,208
Tools, furniture and fixtures	. 2,241
Land	1,338
Construction in progress	69
Intangibles	1,210
Investments and other assets	6,097
Investment securities	524
Deferred tax assets	3,454
Other	2,123
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(5)
Total assets	60,115

<sup>(</sup>Notes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.

¥42,390 million

<sup>2.</sup> Accumulated depreciation of Property, plant and equipment
3. "Group deposits" are deposits with Panasonic Finance (Japan) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., for the purpose of centralization and effective use of lunds of Matsushita Group companies.

#### March 31, 2002 Liabilities (in millions of yen) Current liabilities 30,044 Trade notes and accounts payable 6,597 Accrued income taxes ..... 198 Accrued expenses ..... 18,497 Advance receipts ..... 1,916 Reserve for warranty costs 567 Reserve for sales promotion ...... 286 Other current liabilities 1,979 Long-term liabilities 6.438 Employee retirement and severance benefits 6,238 Other long-term liabilities 199 Total liabilities 36,483 Minority interests 1,739 Shareholders' Equity Common stock 1,500 Capital surplus 2,982 Retained earnings 17,648 Unrealized gains of available-for-sale securities 60 Cumulative translation adjustments (298)Total shareholders' equity 21,893 Total liabilities, minority interests and shareholders' equity 60,115

## **Consolidated Statement of Operations**

from April 1, 2001 to Ma	rch 31, 2002
(in mi	lions of yen)
Net sales	98,142
Cost of sales	(56,306)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(44,256)
Operating profit (loss)	(2,419)
Non-operating income	•
Interest and dividend income	130
Technical licencing fee	500
Other	311
Non-operating expenses	(258)
Recurring profit (loss)	(1,736)
Non-recurring profit	
Profit on sale of fixed assets	14
Profit on sale of investment securities	522
Reversal of reserve for warranty costs	352
Adjustment of prior year profit and loss	382
Non-recurring loss	
Loss on sale and retirement of fixed assets	(210)
Restructuring charges	(623)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(1,299)
Provision for income taxes	
Current	(81)
Refund	414
Deferred	(3,661)
Minority interests	(182)
Net Income (loss)	(4,808)

<sup>(</sup>Notes) 1. All amounts less than ¥1 million have been omitted.

2. Restructuring charges of ¥623 million include impairment losses associated with closing of subsidiaries.

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2. The consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (MEI) are as follows. Please note the MEI's consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

### **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

<del></del>	h 31, 2002
Assets (in milli	ons of yen)
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	899,769
Time deposits	521,333
Short-term investments	11,849
Trade notes receivable	72,159
Trade accounts receivable	1,055,076
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(40,298)
Inventories	834,608
Other current assets	487,535
Investments and advances	
Property, plant and equipment	1,440,271
Land	
	221,823
Buildings	
	1,314,122
Buildings	1,314,122
Buildings ————————————————————————————————————	1,314,122 3,148,408 66,578
Buildings  Machinery and equipment  Construction in progress	1,314,122 3,148,408 66,578 3,310,660)

	ch 31, 2002
Liabilities (in mil	llions of yen)
Current liabilities	2,486,076
Short-term borrowings, including current portion of long-term debt	508,064
Trade notes payable	- 33,331
Trade accounts payable	- 513,114
Accrued income taxes	25,184
Accrued payroll	106,585
Accrued expenses	
Deposits and advances from customers	109,263
Employees' deposits	
Other current liabilities	365,599
Long-term liabilities	1,431,768
Long-term debt	
Employee retirement and severance benefits	718,501
Other long-term liabilities	
Total liabilities	3,917,844
Minority Interests	466,231
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock	258,737
Capital surplus	
Legal reserve	
Retained earnings	2,461,963
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(150,633)
Treasury stock	(92,185)
Total stockholders' equity	3,243,084
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	7,627,159
(Notes) 1. From this fiscal year, the Company has applied the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and SFAS No. 138, "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Cert Activities, an amendment of SFAS No. 133."  2. Accumulated other comprehensive Income (loss) breakdown:	ecounting for tain Hedging
Cumulative translation adjustments   Y (5: Unrealized holding gains of available-for-sale securities   Y 5(	1,287) million
Unrealized ribiding gains of available-ior-sale securities   Unrealized gains of derivative instruments   Winimum pension liability adjustments   Y(150)	128 million

#### **Consolidated Statement of Operations**

from April 1, 2001 to March 31, 2002 (in millions of yen) Net Sales 6.876,688 Cost of sales ------ (5,134,077) Selling, general and administrative expenses (1,954,418) Operating profit (loss) Non-operating income and expenses Interest income 33,556 Dividend income 9,162 Interest expense (41,213)Write-down of investment securities (92,806)Income (loss) before income taxes (546,009) Provision for income taxes 57,211 Minority interests ...... 59,732 Equity in earnings of associated companies 59 Net income (loss) (431,007)

<sup>(</sup>Note) Restructuring charges include expenses associated with the implementation of early retirement programs and the regional-based employee remuneration system. Other income (loss) includes business restructuring expenses, such as impairment losses and other expenses associated with the closing/integration of several manufacturing facilities.

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